OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, T.-NARSIPUR

In accordance with sub-section (4) of section 324 of the Mysore Municipalities Act, 1964, Notice is given to the inhabitants of T.-Narsipur Town that the Municipal Council desires to introduce the Market Bye-laws of Town Municipal Council, T.-Narsipur, in the town as defined in the Bye-Laws appended hereunder for.

These Bye-Laws are prepared by the Municipal Council on the basis of Mysore Municipalities Act 1964 and of the rules made by the Government and they have been proposed to be introduced in the Town for the first time according to the decision taken by the Municipal Council at their meeting held on 25th January 1966.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality objecting to the proposed introduction of the said Bye-Laws may, within one month from the date of publication of this notice in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

BYE-LAWS

1. *Title.*—These Bye-Laws may be called the Mysore Municipalities Regulations and Inspection of Public Markets and Slaughetr House (Model) Bye-Laws, 1966.

2. *Definitions.*—In these Bye-Laws, unless the context otherwise, requires,-

(*a*) " ACT " means the Mysore Municipalities Act, 1964.
(*b*) " FORM " means a form appended to these Bye-Laws.
(*c*) " PUBLIC MARKET " includes the land with the buildings thereon belonging to the Municipal Council which it has set apart for such purpose and shall also include roads and vacant lands within such limits and weekly shandys.
(*d*) " SECTION " means a section of the Act.
(*e*) " VEGETABLE " includes all that variety of plants used for culinary purpose or for feeding cattle or other animals.

PART II

Markets—Classification of Markets

3. *Public Markets.*—(*a*) No place including verandahs or private houses other than a private market, within the limits of the Municipality shall be used as a Public Market or shop for the sale of articles, fruits, flowers and Vegetables or Meat, fish, eggs and animals intended for human food, except the place specified as Public Markets mentioned in clause (*b*).

(*b*) The following places shall be public markets (to be specified by the Municipal Council).

(i) Newly Construoted Municipal Vegetable.
(ii) Market.
(iii) .....

(*c*) The Municipal Council may from time to time add to or delete from the last specified in clause (*b*) provided that Public notice thereof is given.

4. *Private Markets.*—Any retail shop or place other than a place specified as a Public Market may be used as a private market for selling the articles menticned in Bye-Laws 3, subject to the terms and conditions of a licence obtained from the Municipal Council in this behalf in accordance with Bye-Laws made for the purpose.

PART III

Use of Public Markets

5. *Classification of Stalls.*—In each Public market, the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer may classify shops and stalls into permanent and daily fees shops or stalls and specify the kind of articles that might be sold in each class of stall and may from time to time alter the same.

6. *Sale of Goods in the Public Market.*—(*a*) The Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer may, by notice declare that after a specified date, no articles or class of articles shall be sold or exposed for sale in any Public market except in such part thereof as may be specified in that behalf and no goods shall be brought into the market except such as are intended for sale, and such goods shall be kept only in such shops, stalls, sittings or godowns:—

(*b*) The said notice shall be affixed in a conspicuous place in the market.

(*c*) The Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer may, by notice, declare any one or more vacant places to be used only as passages.

(*d*) After the publication of the notices referred to in clauses (*b*) and (*c*) no person shall or expose for sale any article in such market or shall use such passage, except in accordance with the terms of such notice.

7. *Use of Stalls, Shops, etc., in Markets.*—Except in cases where the rit of collection of rent has been framed by the Muincipal Council on contract, no person shall :—

(*a*) Occupy or use any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any public market except as the tenant or occupier under the Municipal Council.

(*b*) Not being the tenant or occupier under the Municipal Council, or the employee of such immediate tenant or occupier, sell or offer or expose for sale or deposit for sale or otherwise keep any article in or upon any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any such market ; and.

(c) Assign or subject or part with the possession of any shop, stall godown, stand or other place in any such market.

8. *Rents of Shops.*—(1) Stalls or shops of permanent sittins in a Public Market shall not be let out for period less than two months and not more than twelve months at a time and the rents thereon shall be payable in advance before the tenth of each month ;

(2) Every shop keeper or stall holder shall before taking possession of the shop or stall furnish a deposit of two months rent in the Municipal Office.

(3) Any failure to abide by the terms and conditions of the lease as to rent, period of occupations and articles to be sold, shall render the holder liable to eviction from the shop or stall forthwith.

9. *Payment of Fees.*—For all permanent and daily stalls in a Public Market, stall holders shall pay stall fees or stallage at rates as may be fixed from time to time by the Municipal Council. Daily fees at the rates mentioned below to be specified by the Municipal Council shall be levied on all articles brought into the daily fees stalls in the market provided that both stallage and daily fees shall not be collected from one and the same person for the same day in respect of the same place ;

10. *Fees on Goods Entering into Public Markets.*—(1) No goods shall be brought into the market except such as are intended for sale and except on payment of such entrance fee as may be fixed by the Municipal Council in this behalf ;

(2) The maximum rate of entrance fee leviable shall be as follows to be specified by the Municipal Council :—

	Articles	*Amount* Rs. P.
1.	For a basket of vegetables	0 20
2.	Head Load per each basket	0 20
3.	Single Bullock Cart Load	0 50
4.	Cart-Load (Double Bullocks)	1 00
5.	Lorry Load	5 00

11. *Vacant Shops.*—When any shop or stall or sitting place has not been let out and is vacant, such shop or place may be permitted by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer to be utilised every day by occasional venders, on payment of such ground rent as may be fixed by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer.

12. *Hours of Business*—(*a*) Public Markets shall not be open for use by the Public before 6 A.M. or after 8 P.M. No person shall enter or remain in a Public market between the hours 9 P.M. and 5 A.M. without the written permission of the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer.

(*b*) Every shop-keeper or stall-holder or sitter shall remove his goods and close his shop daily at or before the time of closing the market so as to allow of is being throughly cleaned for the next day.

13. *Projections.*—(*a*) No projections of any kid for shops, stalls or sittings shall be allowed ; every article forming such projection shall be liable to be removed by the officer in charge of the market and confiscated and sold in public auction by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or other authorised officer ; the proceeds of such sale shall be credited to the Municipal Fund.

(*b*) No tenant or occupier of any shop, stall or sitting in a Public market or employee of such tenant or occupier shall cause or allow any goods, provisions or articles to be deposited or exposed for sale in or upon such shop, stall or sitting so that such goods, provisions or articles or any part there of shall project beyond the line of such shop or stall or sitting.

14. *Shops and Stalls to be kept Clean.*—All shops and stalls shall be kept clean and tidy and properly lighted and shall be made accessible for inspection by the Health Officer or other authorised officer.

15. *Cleaning of Shops.*—Every tenant or occupier of any building, shop, stall or other place in a Public market shall cause the same to be throughly cleansed as often as may be necessary and atleast twice in every 24 hours and shall cause all refuse matters collected from such building shop, stall or other place to be deposited in such recoptacles as may be provided for the purpose in the market.

16. *Use of Water.*—No person shall waste the water supplies to any such market by the Municipal Council.

17. *Control Light and Fire.*—(1) The tenant or occupier of any building, shop, stall or other place in such market, shall before closing the same extiguished or cause to be extinguished any light which may be used in such building shop, stall or other place.

(2) No person shall use any naked light nor shall any person light any fire in any part of such market.

18. *Noxious Goods not to be sold.*—(1) No person shall sell or expose for sale in the Public Market any meat, fish, vegetables, fruits or other article of food and drinks which are noxious, or

(2) No article or ffood or drink shall be exposed for sale without proper and hygienic protection.

Explanation.—For purpose of this bye-law, meant which has beejn subject to the process of blowing or which by other artificial means is made to appear to be in a condition different from its real condition shall be deemed to be noxious.

19. *Certain Goods not to be Exposed.*—(1) No person shall carry any meat or offal in the market unless it is properly covered.

(2) Eatables and food staffs that are intended for being consumed without being further coked, shall not be exposed unless well protected from flies and insects.

(3) No tenant or occupier of a stall or stand used for sale or exposure or preparation for sale, of any carcass or meat shall cleane such carcass or meat elsewhere than upon a cleaning block or chopping board or otherwise than when properly attached to or suspended from the hooks provided for the purpose in, upon or in connection with such building stall or stand.

20. *Employees of Tenants or Occupants.*—Every tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in the market who shall employ another person to carry on his business at such shop, stall, godown or stand on his behalf as his substitute shall register the name of such person with the officer in charge of the market.

(*b*) The tenant or occupier shall forthwith cease to employ at such shop, stall, godown or stand, any person whose employment in that capacity may be prohibited in writing by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer.

21. *Shop-keepers to be Decently Dressed.* Every shop-keeper,stall-holder and vendor in the market shall be decently and properly dressed.

22. *Prohibition of Business by Certain Persons.*—No leper and no person who is suffering from an open sore or any loathsome infections, contagious disease shall enter such market or carry on any business or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of any business in the market. Any person committing a breach of this bye-law may be forthwith expelled from the market by the officer in charge of the market.

23. *Prohibition of Begging.*—(*a*) No person shall enter or loiter in any Municipal Market for the purpose of begging.

(*b*) The officer-in-charge of the market may expel from the market premises any person who is found drunk, or begging or loitering and who misconducts himself or infringes any provisions of these bye-laws or is a lunatic and subject to the approval of the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer prevent any person who is a tenant or his servant from further carrying on any shop or stall or sitting therein. A vendor guilty of assault or any other misconduct may be expelled from the market and prevented from further carrying on any trade or business or occupying any shop or stall in the market.

24. *Prohibition of Smoking and Cooking.*—No vendor in any Municipal market shall smoke in the stal and no vendor or other person shall cook in the market without special permission or spit or throw peel pieces of vegetableslin or about the market.

25. *Access to Municipal Employees.*—Every tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in the market shall at all times, afford free access thereto for the purpose of inspection by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or other authorised officer.

26. *Responsibility of Tenant or Occupant for Damage.*—Every tenant or occupier of any shop, stall or other place or any person resorting to the market shall be responsible for any damage done to the market either by his own act or bythe act of his servant and shall pay compensation for such damage.

27. *Prohibition of Sale by Auction.*—(1) No person shall hold any sale by auction in the market without the permission of the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer.

(2) No tenant or occupier of any shop, stall godown or other place in the market shall solicit customers in any manner.

(3) No goods shall be hawked or cried in a market except in the places specially assigned therefor.

28. *Restriction on entry of Vehicles and Animals in the Market.*—(1) No vehicle or animal other than those intended for sale shall be permitted to remain in any part of a market except in such places as may be provided for the purpose. No person in charge of any wagon cart, truck, barrow or other vehicle shall cause or allow such vehicle to stand in any avenue or passage in such market or any of the immediate approaches thereto, for any longer time than shall be reasonably necessary for the loading and un-loading of any goods, provisions or any other marketable commodities or articles that may be brought therein.

(2) No person shall bring a dog into the market. Any dog found in the market with or without a collar shall be liable to be expelled or destroyed by the officer-in-charge of the market.

29. *Prohibition of Disturbances.*—No person shall create any disturbance in the market by quarrelling or use of abusive language or by singing or use of musical instruments or beating of drums except in case of entertainment when previous permission of Municipal Commissioner or the Chief-Officer shall have been obtained.

30. *Use of Standard Weights and Measures.*—All scales, weights and measures shall be kept clean and true to the standard. Standard weights and measures shall be kept in charge of the officer-in-charge of the market.

31. *Loitering and Committing of Nuisance.*—No person shall loiter or atand in any avenue or passage of any such market or its immediate approaches to the annoyance or obstructions of any person.

(2) No person shall satisfy a call of nature or commit any nuisance within the limits of the market except in a urinal or latrine provided for that purpose.

32. *Obedience to Lawful Orders of the Officer in Charge of the Market.*—No person shall obstruct the officer in-charge of the market or his assistant or other officer of the Municipal Council in the performance of his duties.

33. *Lost Articles.*—Lost article found by any person within the limits of the Municipal market shall be handed over by the finder to the officer-in-charge of the market who shall keep them for three days for the owner to claim on producing satisfactory evidence and in the absence of any such claim within that period, the officer in-charge of the market shall be entitled to dispose them of by Public auction and credit the proceeds to the Municipal funds.

PART IV

Special Provisions Relating to Meat Shops

34. *Furniture to be on Legs.*—No occupier of a meat shop or meat shall in a market shall without the special permission of the officer-in-charge of the market bring or allow to remain therein any block, bench, box or other furniture except such as are raised at least one foot from the ground by wooden or iron legs.

35. *Meat not to be Shut Up.*—Every occupier of such meat shop or stall shall keep all his meat exposed to light and air and shall not place it in a box or closed receptacle.

36. *String, Greasy, Bamboos, etc., Prohibited.*—No occupier of a meat shop or meat stall shall bring or allow to remain therein any string or rope or any soiled clothes, dirty matting or sacking, greasy bamboos or other articles likely to attract flies. Meat if hung up, shall be suspended by chains or iron wires or hooks which shall be kept clean.

37. *Management of Chopping Blocks.*—(1) Every occupier of a meat shop or meat stall, shall keep his chopping block always well scraped and clean with sloped plain surface and shall submit the same to the officer-in-charge of the market to be shaved down at the owners expense from time to time notified by such officer.

(2) Every such occupier shall before leaving the same so dispose of his chopping blocks and meat boards as to make it impossible for any dog or other animal to get at them or lick them.

PART V

Places used by or for Animals which are for Sale or hire or Produce of which is sold

38. *Requirements as to Construction.*—The owner of every place used by or for animals kept for hire or the produce of which is sold shall within such time as the Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer may by notice in this behalf direct bring the said place into conformity with such standard place approved by the Municipal Council.

39. *Requirements as to Management.*—The occupier of any place used by or form animals kept for sale, hire or the produce of which is so'd.

(i) Shall keep the floor of such place so sloped and so rammed down or otherwise hardened as to prevent it from getting muddy and to prevent urine or water from being absorbed therein or accumulated therecn.

(ii) Shall sweep or cause to be swept from such place at least once every day, all dung, urine and other offensive matters.

(iii) Shall deposit such dung, urine or other offensive matter in such covered receptacle as he may with the approval of the Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer have provided for this purpose in or near his premises or shall have dispose of it by such methods as the Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer may have sancticned in writing.

PART VI
Retail Shops outside the Markets

40. (i) No person shall without obtaining a licence in Form 1 use any place not being within a Public or licenced private market for the sale of meat, fish, Poultry, vegetables or fruit cr any other kind of food or drink.

(ii) The licence refered tc in clause (*i*) shall expire on 31st March and application for its renewal shall be made one month before the date of expiry.

PART VII
Coolies and Carriers

41. *Persons to take Licences to work as Coolies or Carriers.*—(*a*) No person shall work for hire as a cooly or carrier within the limits of any Municipal Market unless he is duly licenced for the purpose by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer or by an officer authorised to grant such licence.

(*b*) The licence shall be in form 2.

42. *Register of Licences.*—A register of licenced market coolies or carriers shall be kept in the office of the officer-in-charge of the market showing the names, number, address, age, sex and marks of identification of every person licenced.

43. *Licence Fee.*—The fee for obtaining a licence under Bye-Law 41 shall be rupees to be fixed by the Municipal Council per year.

44. *Uniforms.*—Every licenced cooly or carrier shall wear on his left arm a metal ticket bearing a number corresponding with his number in the register of licenced market coolies or carriers, which shall be supplied to him along with his licence and no such cooly or carrier shall ply for hire in any Municipal Market without wearing his ticket.

45. *Remuneration at Prescribed Rates.*—Every licenced cooly or carrier shall provide himself with a basket and shall be entitled to recover from the persons hiring his services remuneration not exceeding such amount as may be prescribed from time to time by the Municipal Council.

46. *Conduct of Licensees.*—(1) Every licenced market cooly or carrier shall at all time, while doing duty conduct himself with civility and propriety towards every person hiring or seeking to hire his services and shall in all respects obey the orders of the officer in charge of the market :—

(ii) A licenced markets cooly or carrier shall not while plying for hire, cause annoyance to any person.

47. *Complaints against Coolies or Carriers.*—All complaints by or against licenced coolies or carriers of Municipal market shall be disposed of by the officer-in-charge of the market.

48. *Penalty in the Case of Licensces.*—The Municipal Commissioner of Chief Officer may, for any breach of the above Bye-Laws by a licenced cooly or carrier, suspend or remove him from the register of licenced coolies and carriers.

49. *Medical Inspection.*—The Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer shall have the power to subject the stall-holders vendors, coolies and other market staff to medical inspection whenever he finds such inspection necessary. He may suspend or remove such persons who are suffering from dangerous or loathsome diseases or otherwise considered dangerous to the public.

50. *Provision to take Servants.*—Nothing contained in Bye-Law 41 shall prevent the servants of any person attending a Municipal market from carrying purchases made by him or having the same carried by his own servant.

Provided that the officer-in-charge of the market may for special reasons to be recorded in writing refuse to allow any particular person from so carrying the articles.

51. *Power to Exempt.*—Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing bye-laws the Municipal Council shall have power to exempt any Municipal market within the Municipal limits from the operation of all or any of the bye-laws in this part.

PART VIII
Slaughter Houses.

52. *Slaughter Houses.*—No person shall use many place within the limits of the Municipal Council for the slaughtering of sheep, goats, camels or pigs intended for human food except a Municipal or licenced slaughter house or other places permitted by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer on special occasions.

53. *Inspection of Animals.*—The Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or other officer authorised by the Municipal Council shall be in immediate charge of every Municipal slaughter house. A person bringing an animal intended for slaughter to the Municipal slaughter house shall present such animal for inspection to the officer-in-charge of the slaughter house at the places set apart for the purpose in the slaughter house atleast two hours before the slaughtering commences. The officer-in-charge of the slaughter house shall carefully inspect and examine every animal brought for slaughter whether for private consumption or for sale to the Public and satisfy himself that such animals are perfectly healthy before he admits them of slaughter. He shall see than no diseased sheep, goat, camel or pig are slaughtered therein for food or their careeassess removed to the Municipal market or other recognised or licenced places for sale.

54. *Licenced Butchers.*—(1) Butchers and others shall have access of the Municipal or other licenced slaughtered houses for the purpose of slaughtering animals for sale or for private consumption subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) Only licenced butchers shall be allowed to slaughter or dress the carcassess.

(*b*) The licenced butchers shall wear a badge provided by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer once a year on payment of the requisite licence fees.

(2) A list of licenced butchers shall be put up and a copy thereof maintained by the Health Officer or other authorised officer.

55. *Fees.*—Every person desiring to make use of a Municipal slaughter house shall pay the fee at the rates fixed by the Municipal Council from time to time before entering it.

56. *Rejection of Animals after Inspections.*—The Officer in-charge of the slaughter house whose duty is to inspect any animal presented for inspection shall reject any such animal which for any reason may appear to him to be unfit to be a slaughtered for human bed. The owner of the animal so rejected shall cause it to be forthwith from the slaughter house premises.

57. *Animal not to pass into Inner yard without Inspection.*—No person shall under any circumstance pass or attempt to pass into the inner yard of the slaughter house any animal which has not been inspected and passed as fit to be slaughtered.

58. *Bringing of Dying or Dead Animals Prohibited.*—No person shall bring into the slaughter house a dying or dead animal. If such animal is brought for slaughter, the officer in-charge of the slaughter house shall seize and destroy it at the cost of the owner of such animal ;

Provided that this prohibition shall not apply in the case of an animal which has met with an accident rendering it unfit if it is brought to the slaughter house immediately after the accident.

59. *Hours of Business.*—The hours prescribed for the slaughtering of animals shall be such as may be fixed by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer as the case may be and notified in some conspicuous place in the slaugter house.

60. *Carcasses of Animals.*—The carcasses of all slughtered animals shall be examined by the Officer in-charge of the slaughter house. If any such carcass be found to be diseased unsound or otherwise unfit for human consumption, it shall be seized, destroyed or dispodsed of so as to prevent its being used for human food or exposed for sale atthe expense of the owner or person in-charge of the carcass at the time of the seizure. Except in case of contagious or infections diseases, the skin of the animal shall remain the property of the owner.

61. *Slaughter of Animals.*—All animals shall be slaughtered in such a manner as will not cause unnecessary pain or suffering and in dressing any carcass or portion on a carcass, the meat shall not be subjected to the process of 'blowing' or 'Fooku' by any person.

62 *Rubbing of Skin Prohibited.*—No persen shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of the skin upon the ground in any part of the slaughter house, slaughter house yard or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter house premises.

63. *Removal of Refuse.*—No person shall allow the contents of the entrails, refuse, offal and other offensive matter to be washed or let into the sewer or drain but they shall be removed and depesited in the receptacles provided for the purpose.

64. *Removal of Skins.*—The owner of the animal slaughtered shall remove skins, entrails, offal and other matter from the premises of the slaughter house within three hours after the slaughtering or dressing has been completed. If they are nc removed within the time allowed they shall become the property of the Municipal Council.

65. *Removal of Carcasses.*—The carcasses of all animals slaughtered shall be removed to the hanging room attached to the slaughter house and shall be kept there till 6 A.M. of the following day. This byelaw will not apply to the carcass of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions such as Public entertainments, marriages or festivals or to those intended for despat by night train to outside places for which special permission of the Municipal Commissioner or Chie Officer has been obtained.

66. *Stamping of Carcasses.*—The officer in-charge of slaughter house shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the hanging room to the stalls in the Municipal markets or licenced meat stalls in token that they are passed out of slaughter house as fit for food. Noperson shall remove any carcass from the hanging room without being stamped by the officer in-charge.

67. *Medical Examination of Butcher*.—A butcher or other person who handles the carcass in the slaughter house and in the removal thereof to the market or other place shall produce before the Municipal Commissioner or Chief-Officer a certificate from the Health Officer or any Medical Officer not below the rank of an Assistant Surgeon showing that he is free from any contagious skin or venereal disease when he applies for permission or licence for the first time. Such certificate shall be produced by him during the time or renewal of permission or licence every year. The Health Officer or other officer authorised by the Municipal Council may require any butcher or other person handling the carcass to undergo medical examination at any time during the year if he suspects that the butcher or person handling carcass is suffering from any disease.

68. *Damage to Slaughter House*.—Every licensee shall be responsible for any damage done to the slaughter house either by his own act or by the act of his servants. Any such licence refusing to pay the cost of damages shall have his licence cancelled and the amount of damage shall be recoverable under section 142.

69. *Employment of Certain person Prohibited*.—No leper or person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infections or contagious disease shall enter the slaughter house nor such persons shall be employed by a licensee to remove any carcass or meat from the slaughter house.

70. *Entry of Dogs Prohibited*.—No dogs shall be permitted to enter the premises of a slaughter house and any dog found therein may be dealt with as a stray dog and destroyed by the Municipal Council.

71. *Spitting Prohibited*.—No person shall spit in the premises of slaughter house except in such receptacles as are provided for such purpose.

72. *Conciliance with Directions of Officers*.—Any person resorting tothe Municipal Slaughter house for any purpose shall not at any time refuse, neglect or omit to comply with any reasonabl directions of the officer in-charge or any of his assistants for the maintenance of order and regularity.

73. *Carcasses and Meat to be covered.*—No person shall remove carcasses and meat from a slaughter house to any market or other place except in a suitalby covered vehicle of an approved patters and specially set apart for the purpose. Such person shall during such removal canceal the carcasses and meat from Public view and completely protect them from flies and dust. Persons providing such vehicles shall at all times keep the same in aclean and sanitary con ditions and in a good order and repair ; where such vehicles are provided by the Municipal Council, no person shall remove carcass and meat except in a vehicle so provided and such carting fees as may be fixed by the Municipal Council from time to time shall be paid for the use of the vehicle.

PART IX

Penalties

74. *Penalties.*—Any person committing breach of these Bye-Laws shall, on conviction be liable to punishment specified below :—

(*a*) For breach bye-law 31	To a fine not exceeding rupees ten.
(*b*) For breach of any other bye-law in Parts II, III, IV, V and VI.	To a fine not exceeding rupees twenty five
(*c*) Breach of any bye-law in Part VII ..	To a fine of rupees twenty-five and addititional fine of rupeesfive for each subsequent day on which the breach is continued.
(*d*) Breach of any bye-law in Part VIII. ..	To a fine of rupee fifty and an additional fine of rupees ten for each day on which the breach is continuing.

N. S. VIJAYARAGHAVACHAR,
President,
Town Municipal Council,
T.-Narsipur (Mysore District.:

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